Management Response and Action Plan Reports of the Auditor General of Canada Report 6 – Arctic Waters Surveillance Publication: November 15, 2022

The French is located below in the document

The complete Report 6 – Arctic Waters Surveillance can be found here

Audit Recommendation	Departmental Response	Planned Actions	Description of Final Expected Outcome	Sector Responsible for Action/Point of Contact	Expected MAP Implementation Date
Recommendation 1.	Agreed. National Defence,	Complete the Maritime	1. The CCG's primary	Lead Sector:	Draft CCG MDA
National Defence,	Transport Canada, and Fisheries	Domain Awareness	objective in the MSOC	Canadian Coast	Strategy,
Transport Canada,	and Oceans Canada and the	(MDA) Strategy	is to provide MDA.	Guard - Operations	October 2023
Fisheries and Oceans	Canadian Coast Guard will continue		This Strategy will		
Canada, and the	taking steps to reduce gaps in Arctic	Initiate MDA Afloat pilot	depict the CCG's role		MDA Afloat
Canadian Coast Guard,	maritime domain awareness and	project	within the MSOC and		Pilot Project,
working together, should	limitations of existing surveillance		outlines the CCG's		Summer 2023
take concrete actions to	capabilities, including that of small	Complete the Arctic	MDA capabilities, tools		
address the long-standing	vessels, and barriers to information	Maritime Security	and technologies.		3. A draft Arctic
gaps in Arctic maritime	sharing. We will take a risk-based	Strategy, an			Maritime
domain awareness,	approach to maritime domain	interdepartmental	2. The aim of this pilot is		Security
particularly the following:	awareness in the Arctic as we do for	initiative comprising key	to expand the CCG		Strategy will be
 identify to track 	the east and west coasts, Great	security partners such as	MSOC component		presented
vessels continuously	Lakes, and St. Lawrence Seaway.	DND, RCMP, CBSA,	and the production of		January 2023,
and to identify non-	As part of the Marine Security	CCG, and TC as part of	MDA to CCG vessels		which will
emitting vessels	Operation Centre Information	the broader IMSWG	and MSOCs with a		enable broader
 the barriers that 	Sharing Protocol and third-party	initiative to reinforce	view to enhanced		consultation
prevent efficiently	review, we will incorporate	maritime security efforts	MDA capabilities on		with non
sharing and	measures to identify gaps in	across Canada	the waters.		

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integrating relevant information about

monitoring, assessing, and reporting on maritime domain awareness and way forward on operational flexibility, options, and tools. Legislative, regulatory, and other impediments will also be considered in renewal efforts. The Interdepartmental Marine Security Working Group's Maritime Domain Awareness and Arctic Maritime Security implementation strategies will further focus our collective efforts for the development of a risk management approach that defines significant risks and corresponding mitigation measures. We will prepare action plans that clearly identify our respective responsibilities in this regard.

- 4. Complete the Third Party review, which will concentrate its efforts on analysing current MSOC functions and outputs with the aim of identifying existing and potential gaps that impact MSOCs in providing MDA
- 5. Complete trials of new MDA tools (for example Purple Trac and OCIANA), which have the potential to address long-standing Arctic MDA gaps with a view to revising and refining the MDA requirements
- 3. The Arctic Maritime Security strategy will provide Arctic Security objectives for the next 15 years. The purpose of the Arctic Maritime Security Strategy is to secure the maritime security interests of Canada against a range of threats in the global maritime domain to guarantee freedom of navigation and that citizens. infrastructure, transport, the environment and marine resources are protected. The subcommittee has been reviewing Canadian capabilities, identifying gaps, and providing solutions which will correlate to objectives that departments will be able to address over the lifespan of this Strategy either through means of their own or through strong

interdepartmental

- governmental partners
- 4. Request for Proposal for the Third Party Review posted October 19, 2022. Review will begin in November 2022 and be completed by December 2023
 - 5. OCIANA trials commenced October 2022, to be completed November 2022. Testing of the P-TRAC platform was completed September 2022

collaboration. This will	
be outlined in a	
detailed Action Plan.	
4. The Third Party	
Review will develop	
options and provide	
recommendations that	
will improve the overall	
long-term efficacy of	
the MSOCs, which will	
be detailed in an	
Action Plan.	
Deliverables:	
Marine Security	
Operations	
Centres	
Evaluation Plan	
Data Collection	
and Analysis	
Tools (e.g.,	
interview guides,	
focus group	
guides, etc.)	
PowerPoint	
Presentation deck	
outlining	
preliminary	
findings and/or	
conclusions	
Final Evaluation	
Report and	
Recommendations	
Recommendations	

			Optional work may be required following the Review, which will target one or both of the following aspects: • Creation of an action plan and steps to implement and operationalise the review recommendations. Explore in depth one or more of the recommendations or issues identified with a view to further elaborating a path forward for addressing the issue at hand.		
Recommendation 2: To address delays in the delivery of equipment to replace and improve the key federal capabilities used for maritime surveillance in the Canadian Arctic and the risk that several types of equipment may cease operating before being replaced, National	Agreed. National Defence, Transport Canada, Fisheries and Oceans Canada and the Canadian Coast Guard, and Public Services and Procurement Canada agree that it is important to acquire equipment in a timely manner and manage capability risks associated with Arctic water surveillance. Fisheries and Oceans Canada and the Canadian Coast Guard.	No MAP is required to address this recommendation as it has already been addressed by the previous OAG NSS audit MAP, that is already in place and being monitored.		Lead Sectors: Canadian Coast Guard -Shipbuilding and Materiel	

Defence, Transport Canada, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, the Canadian Coast Guard, and Public Services and Procurement Canada should

- identify options and take action to acquire equipment in a timely manner
- develop and approve contingency plans to address the risk of having reduced surveillance capabilities in the event that key satellites, ships, or aircraft cease to operate before they are replaced

As previously highlighted, the Management Action Plan developed



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to its future Arctic-capable fleet		
rather than a straightforward one for		
one ship replacement plan.		